Each year, 6.6 million people visit national forests in Idaho.

- 9 downhill ski areas
- 389 campgrounds
- 56 picnic areas
- 256 trailheads
- 12,838 miles of motorized trails
- 10,349 miles of non-motorized trails

Over 4 million acres of designated Wilderness in Idaho.

68% of Idaho’s water supply originates from national forests.

Numerous native and anadromous fish rely on Idaho’s streams and rivers.

National forests provide 20% of the nation’s drinking water.

Healthy forests of varied ages provide habitat for “keystone” plants and animals.

Over 4 million acres of designated Wilderness in Idaho.

Around 65 million acres of National Forest System lands are in high or very high risk of catastrophic wildfires.

Soils are the basis for ecosystems and can be significantly altered by severe wildfires.

Well managed, healthy, growing forests "sequester" or hold carbon, preventing its release into the atmosphere. Older forests release carbon at the same rate they absorb it.

Idaho has over 22,000 forest-related jobs.

National forest visitors spend $372 million annually.

Hunting, fishing and wildlife watching bring $1.2 billion to Idaho’s economy.

The total 2015 impact in Idaho of turning timber into products was over $4 billion.